



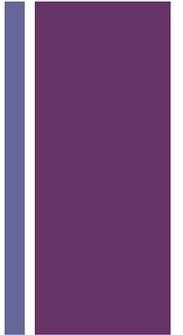
A Groundbreaking Framework

for Raising Expectations and Instructional
Rigor for English Language Learners

Council of the Great City Schools
Hunt Institute | December 17, 2014



TM



In this session, we will ...

- Discuss the need for increased rigor & expectations for ELLs
- Become familiar with a new *ELD 2.0 Framework* that responds to this need
- Learn about related projects:
Professional Development and
Improving Instructional Materials



ELLs in the Council of the Great City Schools and in the Nation



CGCS: over 1.2 million English Language Learners (ELLs), or about 26 percent of the nation's total, and **400,000 teachers.** (ELLs in America's Great City Schools, 2013)

The nation: 74% of schools in the nation enroll at least one ELL, ranging from 94% of schools in CA to 22% in Montana. (NCES 2011-12 SASS, U.S. Dept. of Education)

The academic success of ELLs is critical to the success of our urban school districts and to the nation as a whole.



ELLs and Common Core: Challenge and Opportunity



- **Challenge** —additional strategic instructional shifts
 - ✓ In ELL programs and services
 - ✓ In expectations for ELLs
- **Opportunity** — rigorous new standards also apply to ELLs
 - ✓ Language figures prominently in new standards
 - ✓ Renewed commitment to equity for ELLs



Meeting the Challenge: Upgrade ELD to ELD 2.0



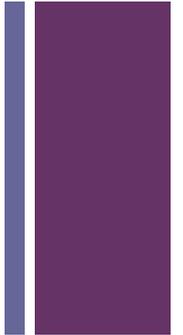
- **Upgraded Vision** – to accelerate academic English language development and access to rigorous, grade-level instruction in all content areas.
- **Upgraded Framework** - for raising expectations and instructional rigor for ELLs

+ Building ELD 2.0 — Embracing Diversity and Reaching Consensus

- **Diversity** of ELLs and educational settings:
 - ELLs are a diverse group
 - English Language Development is defined differently
 - Instructional delivery varies
 - Use of native language varies



+ Building ELD 2.0 — Embracing Diversity and Reaching Consensus



- **Consensus** around two overarching goals:
 - ELLs must achieve Common Core/new standards
 - ELLs must achieve high levels of English and academic language proficiency

Shared Responsibility

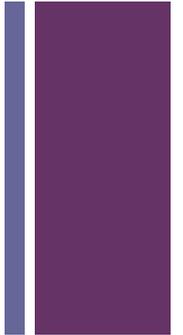
EVERYONE shares responsibility and takes ownership for developing discipline-specific content knowledge and academic language proficiency for ELLs.

+ Expectations for ELLs: A Cornerstone of ELD 2.0

Theory of Action — Page 3

We believe –

ELLs are capable of engaging in complex thinking, reading, and engaging with complex text (reading and writing).

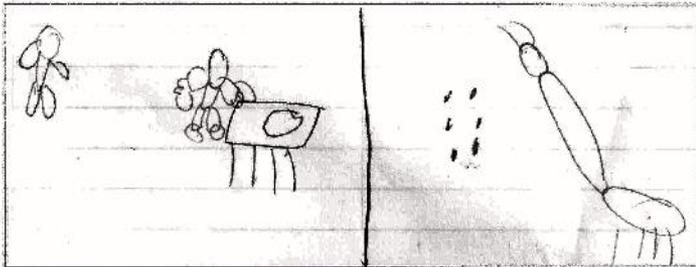




Classroom Examples: Elementary

Name _____ Date 10/20/13
 Choose one new vocabulary word. Illustrate the word to show what it means and then use it in a sentence.

mutualism, search, torment, warn



my brother keeps tormenting me when I am doing my work.
 The giraffe is tormented by the bees.

1st Grade-ELD 2

Name _____ Date _____

Pick one animal partnership and explain why it is a symbiotic relationship.

giraffe, oxpecker | plover, crocodile ✓

The symbiotic relationship about the plover and the crocodile is they both get what they want. The plover gets food and the crocodile gets clean teeth. The plover warns the crocodile when danger is coming. The crocodile will eat anything that can fit in its mouth but it will not eat the plover.

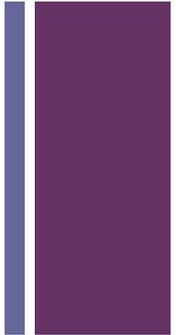
2nd Grade-ELD 2

+ Expectations for ELLs: A Cornerstone of ELD 2.0

Theory of Action — Page 3

We believe –

Teachers are best supported by instructional leaders who understand important shifts needed to engage ELLs in rigorous thinking, talk, and tasks anchored in complex, grade-level texts.

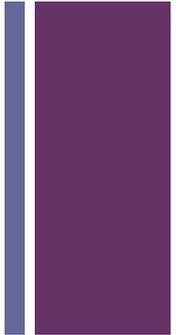


+ Expectations for ELLs: A Cornerstone of ELD 2.0

Theory of Action — Page 3

We believe –

Effective ELD ensures that ELLs acquire the reasoning, language skills, and academic registers to be successful across the curriculum and **throughout the school day.**



+ Essential Components of ELD 2.0

(Pages 4-6)

Focused Language Study (FLS) -

dedicated time when ELLs are grouped together to concentrate on specific elements of how the English language works (that their native English-speaking peers most likely already know)

+ Essential Components of ELD 2.0

(Pages 4-6)

Discipline-specific and Academic Language Expansion (DALE) -

ongoing and integrated into the different content areas that ELLs, along with their native English-speaking peers, must study throughout the school day

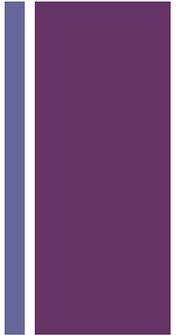


Focused Language Study

and

Discipline-specific

Academic Language Expansion



WHAT

&

HOW

(Page 6)

+

English Language Development 2.0



$$\text{ELD} = \text{FLS}^* + \text{DALE}^*$$

Focused
Language
Study

Discipline-specific
Academic
Language
Expansion

*Essential component – regardless of program model

+ **Systemic Supports:
Vital to Execute ELD 2.0**

ELD 2.0

Instructional Practices

**Instructional
Materials**

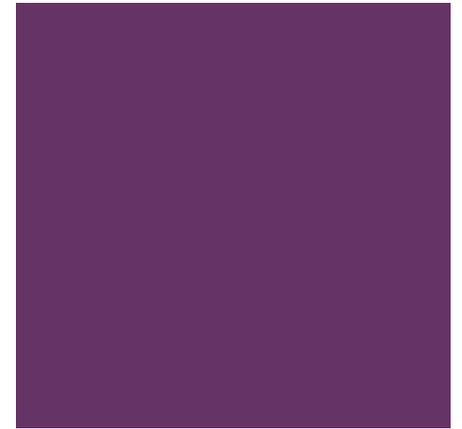
**Supportive
Leadership**

**Quality
Professional
Development**

**Strategic Selection
Anchored in New
Standards and
ELL Criteria**

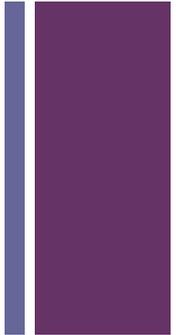
Evaluating Instructional Materials:
A User's Guide
p. 11

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Steps before selecting instructional Materials for ELLs

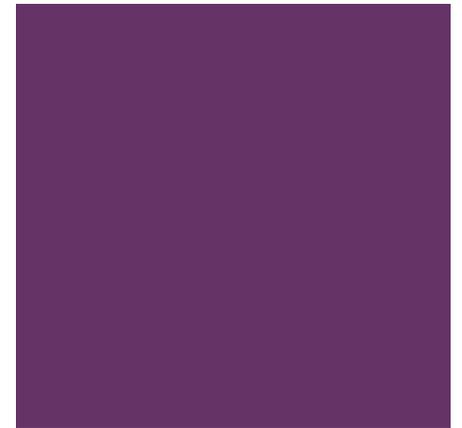


- Incorporate ELD 2.0 into the ELL instructional program
- Articulate ELA and ELD 2.0 instructional delivery for ELLs
- Examine the existing instructional materials for ELA and ELD
- Determine gaps in instructional materials for ELLs



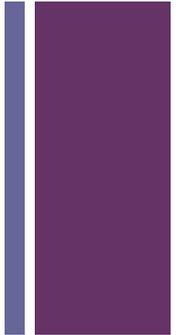
Evaluation Tool
with ELL Considerations
pp. 14-20

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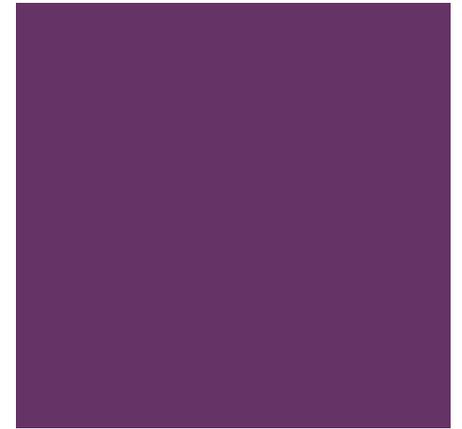
Step 2: Non-negotiable Criteria for ELL materials

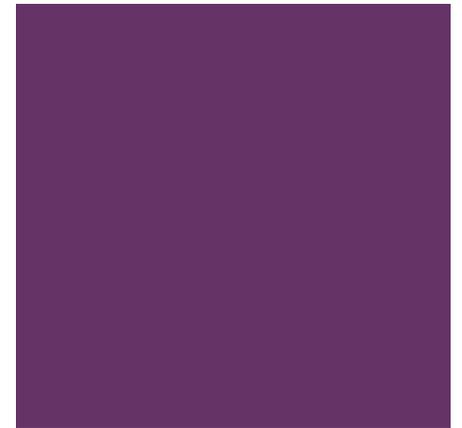


- Revolve around maintaining grade-level rigor, building knowledge and academic language
- Aim to identify materials that:
 - Provide ELLs with rigor in language development
 - Provide ELLs with access to grade-level content
 - Integrate scaffolding without compromising rigor or content
 - Provide ELLs access to complex text, connecting ESL and ELA, aligned to CCSS
- Additional considerations—PD, Intervention, and Technology

Three additional projects related to
systemic support of ELD 2.0

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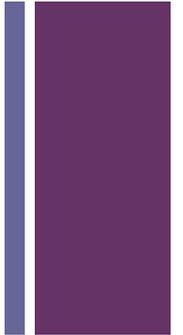
Spurring the Improvement of Instructional Materials for ELLs

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Funded by the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation
and the Televisa Foundation



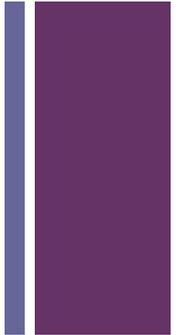
Spurring the Improvement of Instructional Materials for ELLs



- Funded by the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation and the Televisa Foundation
- Call for Participation released in Spring, 2014
- 13 proposals received; 4 currently engaged in collaboration
 - Amplify
 - Benchmark Education
 - Houghton Mifflin Harcourt
 - National Geographic Learning

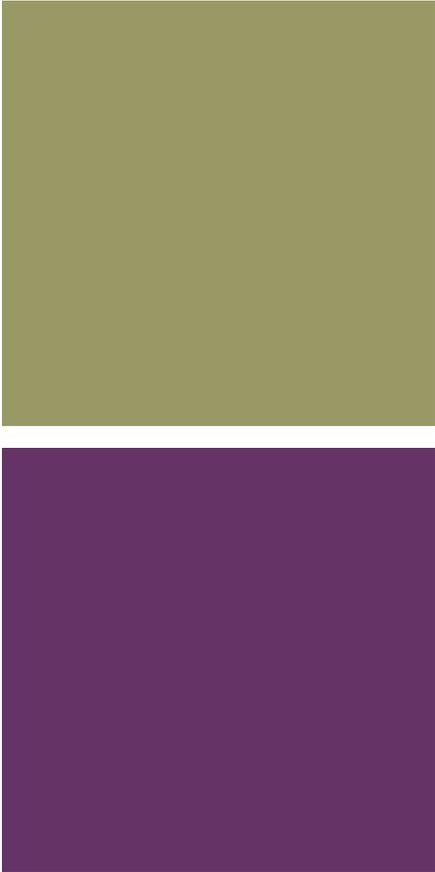


Spurring the Improvement of Instructional Materials for ELLs



Good faith effort to evolve based on feedback:

- Selection of rich, grade-level complex texts (based on qualitative and quantitative factors)
- Vocabulary presented in the context of phrases and ideas, rather than as individual words
- Attention to scaffolding based on context and experiences as well as language proficiency
- Avoidance of language pointing to a compensatory/remedial approach
- Attention to cultural implications



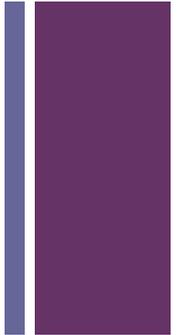
Planning the Creation of a Cyber-enabled Professional Development Tool for Teachers of High-needs Students

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Funded by the Helmsley Charitable Trust

+ The project

- Six month PLANNING grant
- Cyber-enabled PD Tool
- Teachers of “High-needs” Students
- CCSS Instructional Shifts & Increased Language Demands
- ELA/ELD and Mathematics



Public Service Announcement

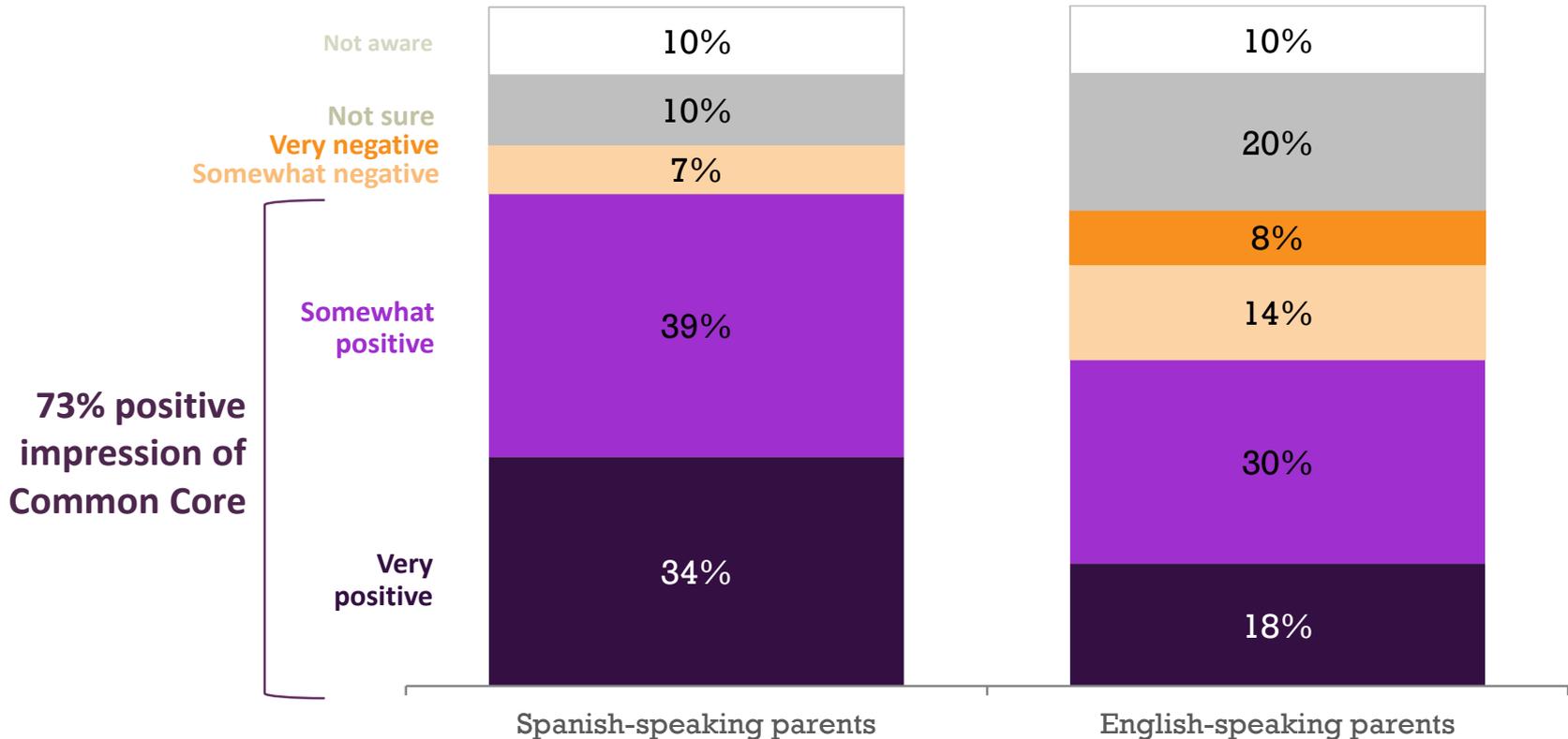
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Spanish-speaking parents have a positive impressions of Common Core

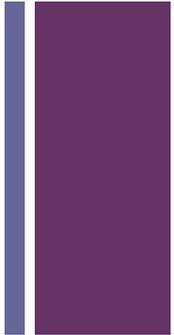
Impressions of Common Core



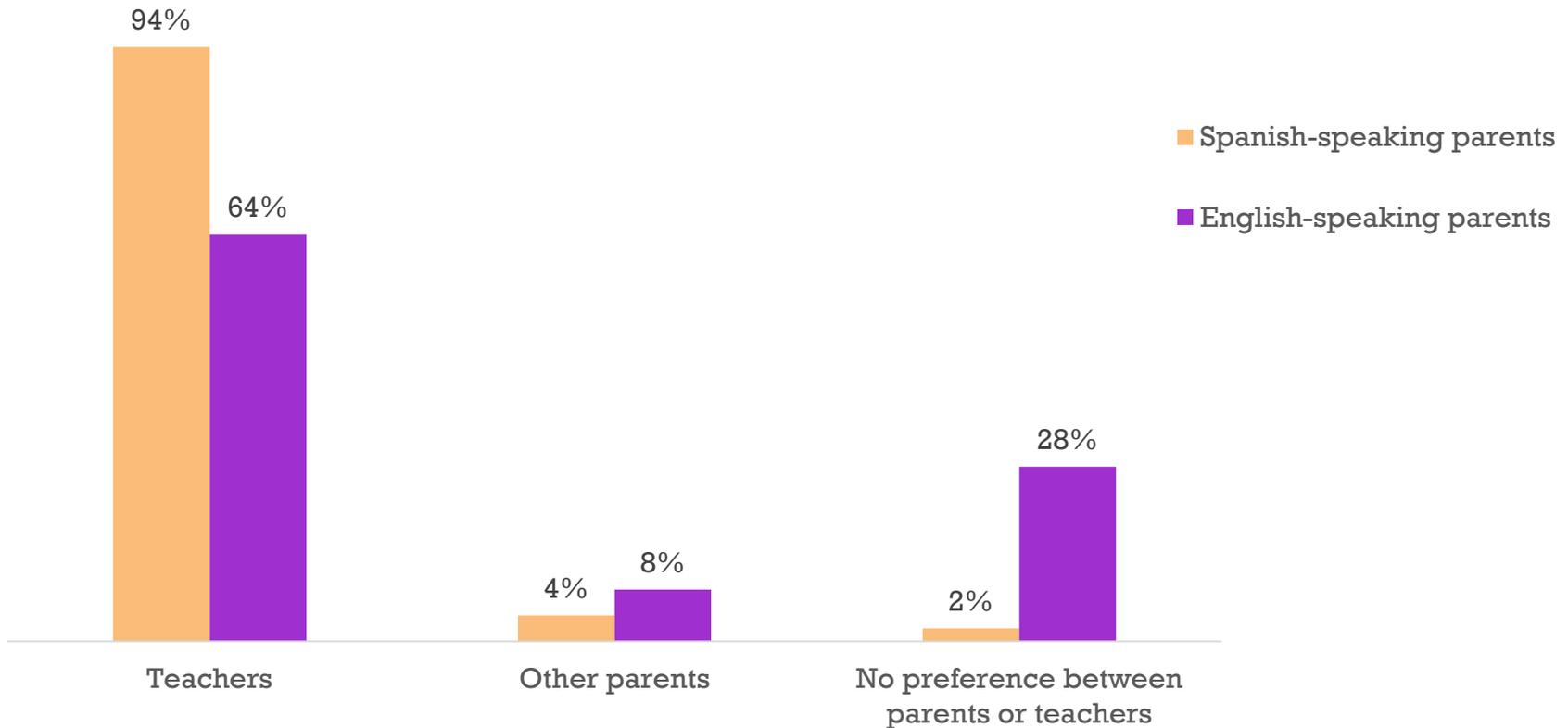
Q10. And from what you know about them, do you have a positive or negative impression of the Common Core standards?



Spanish-speaking parents prefer to receive Common Core information from their children's teachers



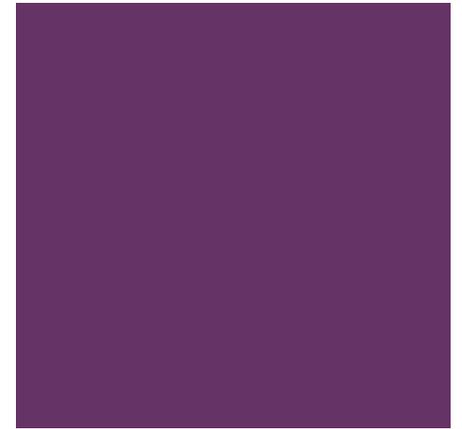
Prefer to Get Common Core Information from...



Q21A/B. In terms of **information** you may receive about your state's new academic standards (also known as Common Core standards), from whom would you prefer to receive information—teachers or other parents [rotated]?

Questions?

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Thank you

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